ELECTRONIC GUIDE TO THESES APPROVED BY PHYSICAL THERAPY DEPARTMENT FOR CADIOPULMONARY DISORDER AND GERIATRICS AND ITS SURGERY PREPARED BY NERVEEN ABD EL SALAM ABD EL KADER AHMED

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Master Degree 1999

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Title	:	Forward versus backward walking training effect on vital signs in healthy subjects.
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Abstract	:	

In this study, the effect of a backward (BM) and , forward (FW) walking training program on vital signs were compared . Two groups A and B consisting of 30 subjects each (15 male , 15 female) aged 25.3+-3.2 years old were assigned . Group A underwent a (FW) training program at 5 Km/h speed and 10% treadmill inclination ; Group B underwent same program but backward (BW) . Training sessions were done for 8 weeks , at a rate of 3 sessions per week . Measurement taken were blood pressure (BP) with sphygmomanometer , heart rate with ECG and respiratory rate . Results showed a decrease in resting systolic , diastolic blood pressure (RSBP , RDBP) and resting heart rate (RHR)after 2 months . Significant more decrease in RSBP , RDBP and RHR was seen after one month suggesting a more rapid cardiovascular adaptation to endurance training during FW than during BW training . No significant difference concerning resting respiratory rate was noted between groups . conclusion cardiovascular system fitness can be developed more rapidly in backward than in forward walking training.

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Key words	1.	Forward walking training.		
THE	2.	vital signs.		
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